Analysis of Digital Curating in Museums

Mofan Cheng^{1,*}

Abstract.

This paper examines the form and methods of digital curation and cross-disciplinary storytelling. The study focuses on analyzing museum digital curation in the context of the digital age, exploring the integration of new technologies, virtual reality, and exhibition design. The research aims to understand the benefits of merging technology and art and the various forms and methods of cross-disciplinary storytelling. A comprehensive analysis reveals the characteristics and forms of digital artworks, along with the technologies and methods used for their exhibition. The study also highlights the importance of user experience in digital curation and provides insights into the future development of museum digital curation. The research contributes to a better understanding of the potential of digital curation in enhancing the exhibition space and engaging visitors in immersive and interactive experiences. The findings and recommendations of this study can guide museums in leveraging digital technologies for effective and innovative curation practices in the future.

Keywords: Digital age, exhibition space, virtual reality, new technologies, museum design.

1. Introduction

Museum exhibitions are undergoing unprecedented transformations in the digital age. With the rapid development of digital technology, how museums showcase and communicate are experiencing a new renaissance. In this context, digital curation, an innovative approach to exhibition planning and presentation, is attracting increasing attention and application in the museum field. It brings infinite possibilities to museums, breaking the time and space constraints inherent in traditional exhibitions and allowing audiences to engage intimately with museum collections anytime, anywhere through the internet. Digital curation not only expands the audience base of museums, attracting participation from a more diverse range of backgrounds and locations, but also provides audiences with richer, interactive, and personalized visiting experiences. However, in-depth research on digital curation is still relatively limited, especially in comparative analysis and evaluation of the differences between digital and traditional exhibitions, leaving gaps to fill. Therefore, this paper aims to deepen the understanding of the impact of digital curation on museum exhibitions and to promote further development of the museum industry in the digital age.

Additionally, It focuses on the influence of digital curation on audience engagement and visiting experiences, exploring how digital technologies enhance audience participation and interactivity. Through in-depth research and comparative analysis of digital curation, valuable insights, and guidance are aimed to be provided for the development of the museum industry in the digital age.

2. Organization of the Text

2.1 Technological overview

In the digital age, digital technologies have profoundly impacted museum exhibition planning and presentation methods due to their rapid development and widespread application. Digital technologies encompass virtual reality (VR), augmented reality (AR), interactive devices, multimedia displays, and more. These technologies enable museums to transcend the constraints of traditional exhibitions in terms of time and space, immersing visitors in digital virtual environments rather than traditional physical spaces. Digital curation involves several key technologies, including creating and managing digital content, constructing and presenting virtual environments, and interactive interfaces and devices.

The creation and management of digital content involve the digitization, processing, and storage of cultural artifacts, artworks, and exhibition content. The construction and presentation of virtual environments encompass the application of virtual reality and augmented reality technologies, which digitally simulate museum exhibition scenes. Interactive interfaces and devices facilitate visitor interaction and engagement with digital exhibitions such as touch screens, gesture recognition, and voice interactions [1].

2.2 Multimedia Interaction and the Integration of Technology and Art

2.2.1 Advantages of the Integration of Technology and Art

The integration of technology and art holds significant

importance in digital curation. The fusion of technological innovation and artistic expression brings forth more creativity and diverse forms of presentation in museum exhibitions. Technology can enhance the viewing experience of artworks, enabling visitors to engage in deeper interaction and participation. Moreover, technology can push the boundaries of artistic creation and presentation, leveraging the synergy between art and technology to generate innovative and forward-thinking works and exhibitions.

The integration of technology and art presents various enhancements in museum exhibitions. Firstly, it brings forth more creativity and diverse forms of expression. Through technological innovation, the presentation of artworks gains new possibilities, making them more captivating and unique. Secondly, technology enhances visitors' sense of participation in artwork. Visitors can engage in deeper interaction with artworks through interactive devices like touch screens or virtual reality devices, enabling them to better understand and experience the artistic intentions of the creators. Such interactive experiences enhance visitors' sense of engagement and provide them with more profound viewing experiences.

Furthermore, combining technology and art expands the boundaries of artistic creation and presentation. Artists can leverage digital technology to create more innovative and forward-thinking works. Digital display formats also break the limitations of traditional exhibitions, presenting artworks to the audience in entirely new ways [2]. Artists can use virtual reality technology to create interactive art pieces, allowing visitors to wear virtual reality headsets and immerse themselves in the virtual environments created by the artists. This fusion provides artists broader creative space while offering audiences a more diverse and enriching artistic experience. Therefore, integrating technology and art not only injects new vitality into museum exhibitions but also creates more enriching and profound cultural experiences for visitors.

2.2.2 The Form and Methods of Cross-Disciplinary Storytelling

Digital curation provides museums with a unique opportunity to blend different art forms, historical periods, and cultural backgrounds, creating a diverse and vibrant exhibition experience for the audience [3]. Firstly, digital curation enables the integration of various art forms. Through digital technology, museums can combine painting, sculpture, photography, music, and other art forms seamlessly, creating a unique and memorable exhibition experience. This cross-disciplinary fusion not only breaks the boundaries of traditional exhibitions but also presents audiences with a more diverse and creative cultural experience. Secondly, digital curation allows museums to engage in cross-disciplinary storytelling by bringing together art pieces from different historical periods and cultural backgrounds. Through digital technology, audiences can gain an in-depth understanding of artistic expressions from different cultures, broadening their perspectives and promoting cultural exchange and understanding. This presentation mode, transcending time and culture, provides audiences with a more enriching and comprehensive cultural experience. Through digital curation, museums can engage in cross-disciplinary storytelling by integrating art pieces from different historical periods and cultural backgrounds. For example, a digital curation project could combine ancient Chinese paintings with contemporary Western sculptures. It allows audiences to roam through the exhibition space using virtual reality technology, simultaneously appreciating these artworks and learning about their historical backgrounds and artistic styles [4]. Such exhibitions merge art pieces from different cultures and provide a more immersive and interactive experience through digital technology, enabling audiences to fully appreciate and understand the connections and exchanges between different cultures. This presentation mode, transcending time and culture, offers audiences a more comprehensive and enriching cultural experience, stimulating their interest in art and culture and fostering cross-cultural dialogue and understanding. Lastly, digital curation enables audience participation through multimedia interactive devices. In a virtual gallery, audiences can interact with displayed artworks using touch screens, keyboards, mice, or other interactive devices. Audiences can click on artworks to access more information, rotate and zoom in on pieces, and even alter the colors or compositions of artworks. Some virtual art galleries also use virtual reality technology, allowing audiences to immerse themselves in the virtual gallery and engage in real-time communication with other visitors. This cross-media interactive experience deepens audiences' understanding of artworks and stimulates their creativity and involvement. Therefore, digital curation brings innovation to museum exhibitions and provides audiences with a more diverse, interactive, and engaging cultural experience.

Integrating digital technology with traditional art forms is crucial in digital curation. This integration gives traditional artworks new life and meaning and creates entirely new art experiences, enriching audiences' sensory enjoyment. Digital curation blends traditional art forms with modern technology, creating new artworks through digital techniques. For example, projection technology allows artists to present dynamic effects on traditional artworks. Images, animations, or other digital content can be projected onto paintings, sculptures, and other traditional media, creating captivating visual effects [5]. This digital projection art injects new elements into traditional artworks, allowing audiences to appreciate and experience art in novel ways.

Additionally, artists can combine traditional music with electronic music using electronic instruments, synthesizers, and sound processors, creating unique musical experiences. Digital music performances utilize real-time processing, looping, and repetition techniques to present audiences with rich and diverse sound effects and musical layers. This experimental expression, transcending traditional music forms, provides audiences new ways to interact with art while infusing traditional music with innovative elements. Therefore, integrating digital technology with traditional art forms in digital curation is closely related to the fusion of cross-disciplinary art forms, collectively providing audiences with more diverse, innovative, and exciting art experiences.

2.3 Digital artworks

2.3.1 Characteristics and Forms of Digital Artworks

Digital artworks are creations, presentations, or transmissions made, displayed, or distributed using digital technology. These art forms rely on computers, digital devices, software, and other digital tools and platforms for their creation and exhibition [6]. Digital artworks come in various forms, including but not limited to digital paintings, digital sculptures, digital photography, digital images, virtual reality works, computer-generated art, and more. Firstly, digital artworks are characterized by their reproducibility. Through digital technology, digital artworks can be accurately reproduced and disseminated. This allows more people to appreciate and experience artworks originally accessible to only a few. The reproducibility of digital artworks also provides artists with a broader platform for exhibition and dissemination. Secondly, digital artworks are interactive. Audiences can interact with digital artworks through touch screens, interactive devices, or other means of interaction. This interactivity allows viewers to participate in the artwork and create personalized artistic experiences. Viewers can change the presentation of the artwork through their actions and choices, engaging in interactive communication with the artist.

Additionally, digital artworks are variable. They can be altered and adjusted based on different exhibition environments and needs. Digital artworks can be modified and updated according to specific exhibition circumstances to adapt to different requirements. This variability allows viewers to have different exhibition experiences while enabling artists to maintain the freshness and creativity of their artworks. In summary, digital artworks offer viewers a new artistic experience characterized by reproducibility, interactivity, and variability. They expand the reach of art and audience engagement and provide artists with more ways of creation and expression.

2.3.2 Technologies and Methods for Displaying Digital Artworks

The display of digital artworks relies on the application of digital technology. Here are some common technologies and methods for displaying digital artworks:

Screen display: Using high-definition screens or projection devices to showcase digital images and animation works. This display method is suitable for static or dynamic digital artworks, presenting the details and expressive power of the artworks through high-quality visual effects.

Virtual reality (VR) display: Utilizing virtual reality devices to allow viewers to experience digital artworks in an immersive manner. Viewers can wear VR headsets to enter the virtual space created by the artwork and interact with it. This display method creates an immersive artistic experience, making viewers feel inside the artwork.

Interactive installation display: Using interactive devices and sensors to interact and communicate with viewers. Viewers can interact with the artwork through touch screens, gesture recognition, and other means, participating in artistic creation. This display method emphasizes viewer participation and creativity, making viewers cocreators of the artwork [7].

Mixed display: The display of digital artworks can be a combination based on the characteristics and conceptual ideas of the artworks. For example, combining screen display with virtual reality, showcasing part of the artwork through screens while allowing viewers to enter the virtual space of the artwork through VR devices. Another example is combining interactive installation display with screen display, providing interactive devices for viewers to engage while presenting content on a screen. This mixed display method can create a more diverse exhibition experience, offering various viewing approaches [8].

The diversity of technologies and methods for displaying digital artworks allows viewers to appreciate art in innovative forms and ways. Viewers can have more immersive, interactive, and personalized exhibition experiences through digital technology. At the same time, museums and art institutions can leverage these technologies to provide more attractive and diverse exhibitions, expanding avenues for cultural dissemination. Digital display enhances viewers' understanding and experience of art and presents cultural institutions with more possibilities for exhibition and education.

2.4 Digital Curation and User Experience

User experience is crucial in digital curation as it directly affects the success of an exhibition. Firstly, the success of digital curation relies on the level of audience engagement and satisfaction. Designing a captivating and user-friendly digital exhibition interface and interactive devices is key. This requires deeply understanding the audience's needs and interests, providing personalized exhibition experiences [9]. The audience's familiarity and acceptance of digital technology should also be considered to ensure they can fully understand and enjoy the digital curation experience. The design of digital curation should prioritize user-friendliness to enhance audience satisfaction and create a positive and enjoyable experience within the exhibition. Secondly, digital curation needs to consider the audience's diverse needs, including physical disabilities, language differences, and cultural diversity. Ensuring inclusivity and accessibility in digital exhibitions for all audiences is crucial. This involves providing assistive features and multilingual support while considering cultural sensitivity and diverse audience groups. Digital curation can better serve audiences from different backgrounds and needs by focusing on diversity, enhancing the overall user experience. Finally, digital curation involves collecting and processing the audience's personal information and data. In this regard, protecting audience privacy and data security is crucial. Adequate data encryption, access control, and clear privacy policies must be implemented to establish audience trust and safeguard their rights. Attention to digital curation platforms' security and privacy protection helps enhance audience confidence in digital exhibitions, thus improving the overall user experience [10].

2.5 Future Directions and Recommendations for Museum Digital Curation

In the future, with the continuous advancement of technology, digital curation has vast prospects and potential. By continuously improving user experience, addressing diverse needs, and ensuring privacy and data security, digital curation will better meet audience expectations and create richer and more engaging exhibition experiences for cultural institutions.

2.5.1 Predictions for Future Development Trends

With technological advancements, virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies will become more mature and widespread, creating more realistic and immersive experiences for museum exhibitions. Applications of technologies such as artificial intelligence and machine learning will also offer more possibilities for digital curation. Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality Experiences: With the continuous development of virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technologies, museums can utilize these technologies to provide more immersive and interactive exhibition experiences. Through VR headsets or AR devices, audiences can enter virtual exhibition spaces and interact with digital artworks, experiencing a sense of presence.

Digital Collection and Display: Museums can digitize their art collections and artifacts, establishing a digital platform for collection and display. Audiences can browse the museum's digital collections through online platforms or mobile applications, allowing them to appreciate and learn about the history and stories behind artworks regardless of their location.

Data Visualization and Interaction: Digitalized art and artifact data can be presented to audiences through data visualization techniques. Through charts, graphs, animations, and other means, audiences can better understand and explore artworks' characteristics, statistical information, and related knowledge. Furthermore, audiences can interact with the data through interactive interfaces, independently exploring and discovering information.

Cross-Collaboration and Digital Innovation: Museums can collaborate with technology companies, artists, designers, and other fields to innovate the forms and content of digital curation. By utilizing emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence, deep learning, and blockchain, museums can create more diverse digital artworks and exhibition experiences, driving the development of museum digital curation.

Social Media and Online Communities: Museums can engage and involve audiences through social media platforms and online communities. Audiences can share their experiences, comment on artworks, and discuss with other visitors. This interaction and participation can expand the museum's influence and reach, fostering audience engagement with the museum.

2.5.2 Key Actions and Measures to Drive Development

Several key actions and measures should be taken to promote the development of museum digital curation. Firstly, museums need to strengthen collaboration with technology companies and creative institutions to jointly promote the application of digital technologies in museum exhibitions. Secondly, museums should enhance the training and recruitment of digital curation professionals to elevate the level of expertise in digital curation. Additionally, museums should actively interact with audiences to understand their needs and feedback, continuously improving the content and forms of digital curation.

3. Conclusion

In conclusion, this study analyzed the digital curation of museums and examined the application of digital technologies in exhibitions. Integrating technology and art offers advantages in terms of interactive experiences and cross-disciplinary narratives. Digital artworks have unique characteristics and can be showcased through various technologies. Digital curation enhances user experiences by providing personalized and interactive exhibition opportunities.

For future development, museums can explore emerging technologies, improve user experiences, and foster collaborations with technology companies, artists, and academia. This study contributes to a deeper understanding of digital curation and provides valuable insights for museums and professionals in the field.

However, this study has limitations in terms of its scope and the rapidly evolving nature of technology. Future research can focus on unexplored areas and continue investigating user experiences and interdisciplinary collaborations.

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